BO CONCERN OF THEIRS TO PROTECT LANDLORDS AGAINST THE NO-RENT CRUSADE-ANOTHER

DUBLIN CASILE SECRET BROUGHT TO LIGHT.

[BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]
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LONDON, Dec. 1 .- To-morrow "United Ireland" will publish a document which totally eclipses in importance, so far as its bearing on the immediate crisis is concerned, all previous documents which the mysterious secret agencies of that journal have managed to get hold of and which I have been privileged to transmit to you before their publication. It is nothing less than the admission of the Government, over the signature of their chief law officer, the Attorney-General, that the Nationalist plan of campaign is absolutely legal. This plan. which is being carried out with great eagerness by the tenants throughout the country, has been the great crux of the Government. They presecuted John Dillon for advocating it, and they were about prosecuting William O'Brien. Since the promulgation of this decision, however, their whole policy has changed. They have practically dropped the Dillon prosecution, and I have reason to know that the proceedings against Mr. O'Brien. and for which the warrants were all prepared, will measure accounting for the sudden appointment of General Buller to Sir kobert Hamilton's place in the Castle. The following is the history of the document in question:

While Mr. Lane, M. P., was putting the plan of rampaign into force on the Ponsonby estate last week at Youghal and receiving the rents which the agent refused, the Cork landlords urgently appealed to Captain Plunkett to strike a crushin: blow at the movement by capturing Mr. Lane while actually engaged in receiving rents. This Captain Plunkett declined to do on his own responsibility, but submitted the case to the Government for the Attorney-General's opinion This is the Attorney-General's reply obtained by "United Irelan l" from its pigeon-hole in Dublin Castle:

There is a mode by which the landlord might get hold of the money, which, of course, is not a matter for the Government. I do not see how any action can be taken by the executive."

In other words, it is no concern of the Govern ment to protect landlords against the plan of campai n. the fact being that the Government is powerless in the matter. The effect of this an incalculable. The tenants on every estate in Ireland who were hanging back will now fall into line once they are sure of being safe within their What the Government will do it be hard to say, for they do not know themsel es Buller's appointment probably means that they will try to compete with the National League in the hope of dishing it, since they have failed to fight it. To this the League can have no objection for it would mean a competition destroy ian flords who are doomed in any case The bad landlords, however, are a desperate set, and I still fail to see how, when they begin to kick and the tenants begin to kick back, bad work ending in coercion is to be avoided. Archbishop Walsh gives his approval to the plan of T. P. Galt, M. P.

INTERCEDING FOR THE ANARCHISTS.

PARIS, Dec. 1. - M. Rouquet, Secretary of the Paris Ma-deipal Council, to-day for warded to United States Minister McLane the petition acorted by the Council on November 27 asking for his interession with the Governor of Himeis, in cenalt of the consemned Chicago Anarchists.

Mr. McLane sent the following formal reply to the peter on:

As the jetition is destined for the Governor of Ill nois and is made with the object of a aring human life, I will not refuse my a sistance if you person to decoming it not refuse my a sistance if you person to decoming it suches. You can, without disadvantage, and with as made effective as it is usless. You can, without disadvantage, and with as made effective of illinois, who slove has the lower of granting the par on. Without raisine any objection to the accomplishmen of your wishes, these that you will rest assured that capital subsequent applicable in no State of the Union to political orderess, is pre-cribed only for oddous crimes against the public weak such as urder and rappe, committed under aggravating creumstances and with or meditation. In political matters therefixed in the Union of gray political and social rollems tonering the welf relative political and social rollems tonering the welf relative political and social rollems tonering the welf relative to the majority and tolerance which is authors. When the majority pronounces, everyone submits. If this great and sanitary principle of giving expression to the will of the majority, which forms the basis of America, institutions, he thored, the social order founded on liberty and fraternity codapses and soverty fails once more into chaos.

Mr. McLane, at M. Rouquet's request, consented to end the Council's petition to Governor Oglesby.

MAKING WAR ON VENEZUELA. ENGLISHMEN CHARGED WITH HELPING THE REBELS 1885.

LONDON, Dec. 1 .- Colonel Sandovel and George Baird, charged with infringing the Foreign Eulistment Act, were to-day on formal testimony remanded for trial un-der \$10,000 bail each. The defendants were connected with the Venezuela and Panama Gold Company, and hired and fitted out with munitions of war the steamer Justicia in the interest of the rebels during the insurrecdustion in the interest of the feders during the insurrec-tion in Venezuela in 1885. The offence is specified as "fitting out a privateer intended to war against Vene-quela," but the defendants contend that they were simply acting in defence of their interests in the country.

Madrid, Dec. 1.—Negotiations have been renewed for a special treaty to regulate trade between the United States and the Spanish West Indies, the Government at Washington no longer insisting upon the exclusion of other nations from the favored-nation privilege.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

JOHN BRIGHT ON WAGES.—John Bright expresses the hope that workmen will soon discover that it is not to their true interest to demand higher wages than a trade ran pay.

THE MAIL SERVICE.—Postmaster-General Raikes, in a letter published this morning, admits that a mail service by way of Southampton is not convenient for American trade with the North of England, but says that in 1884 memorials were sent to the Post Office Department, not only from London, but from the Chambers of Commerce of Manchester, Erafford and Huddersteld, praying that an arrangement be made with the North-German Lloyd Company for carrying mails from Southampton.

PUNISHING CORRUPT CITY OFFICERS. PARIS, Dec. 1.—Three of the Marseilles municipa officers, who have been on trial at the Aix Assizes on

DISPARAGING PICTURE OF THE FRENCH ARMY. Paris, Dec. 1.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, M. Keller condemned the proposal to reduce the pay of the troops, and drew a disparaging picture of the strength of the French Army as compared with the German Army. He moved that the amount of the pay credit be raised to

General Boulanger, Minister of War, replied that argu ments deduced from a comparison of the French and German armies could safely be left to those who asked the Reichstag to increase the German Army. The proposed reductors related simply to terms of leave of absence granted to officers and men when their absence was con-

THE BULGARIAN THRONE.

THE TORY GOVERNMENT OUTDONE BY THE THE DUKE OF OLDENBURG A CANDIDATE.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. MELIA-THE PLOT AGAINST KING MILAN.

[BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.] LONDON, Dec. 1 .- The Vienna correspondent of "The Daily Telegraph" says: "It is as yet uncertain whether the Prince of Mingrelia will rule over Bulgaria. Another candidate, the Duke of Oldenburg, has already been mentioned, and it is thought he would be acceptable to Bulgaria. Russia will not recede from her refusal to recognize the Sobranje and the Regency. The Porte has endeavored to mediate between Russia and the Bulgarians with the suggestion that the modifica tion of the Regency should be left to Turkey. The Bulgarians declined the offer and now there are reports that Turkey intends to occupy Eastern Rumelia in accordance with Russian views. In Vienna this is regarded as a mere empty threat It is not believed that Russia would permit the Turks to return to the country from which Ressia herself drove them at the cost of a san-guinary war. Turkish occupation of Eastern Rumelia undertaken against the will of the Bulgarans would undoubtedly be the signal for a general conflagration in the Balkan Peninsula fata mediation of the Porte is not expected to lead to any practical result. Gadbaw Pacha has expressed the opinion that foreign military intervention would be required to restore order in Bulgaria. It was really dis; used to play so completely into Russia's hands, nor was it known in London that British influence had lost so much ground at Constanti-

nople since February. "As was expected, the plot to kidnap King Milan of Servia is denied from Belgrade, but the Bulgarian papers publish particulars connected with it and give the names of the chief con spirators. The plan was to carry off the King while out hunting. It is pretty certain that such a coup, if successful, would have been followed by a Servian revolution."

THE CAMPBELL DIVORCE SUIT. ONE OF LORD COLIN'S WITNESSES WEAKENS THE

CASE OF THE DEFENCE. was resumed to-day. Rose Baer, formerly lady's ough frequently visited Lady Colin Campbell. He usually came in the afternoon and was shown to the drawing Colin Campbell and Mary Watson. Lady Colin had in hall, but to take them to her. Some of the letters witnes carried to plaintiff the latter burned, others she placed in a box under her bed. In June, 1882, Lady Mills told wit-ness she had blackened her mistress's character and must eave the house and that if she did not go at once the po lice would be called to put her out. Lady Colin Campbel gave her £10, four only being due in wages, and told witness to tell the servants in explanation of her departure that father was ill and she was going Witness had posted letters daily to the Duke of Marl borough. She sometimes took them to his house. Lady Colin Campbell used to leave the house at 8 o'clock in the and there be told to return. On these expeditions the etimes in undressing her ladyship after partly disarranged. Once witness found a man's hand Once witness heard somebody after midright ascend-Once witness heard somebody after minight ascena-ing the stairs. Lady Colin Campbell coughed. The person then entered the door of the room adjoining plaintiffs. The door of the room was shut, and witness was dismissed. Next day witness found evidences that the room had been occupied by two persons. Once witness heard the Duke of Marlborough in Lady Colin Campbell's room in the after mistress's hair after midnight, some one on the outside of the room tried the door, and finding it locked departed. Witness saw Chief Shaw walking outside the house with a carriage in waiting. The carriage went away and Chief

Being cross-examined Rose Baer denied having threat-ened to "expose Lady Colin" when the latter allowed Then she admitted that two weeks ago she had signed a statement that Lady Colin Campbell dismissed her because she knew too much about her, and that she had cause she knew too har a sold property thought it necessary to tell Lady Colin Campbell that she would expose her. Being asked to explain how it came that she signed such a statement and now admitted that it was untrue, witness said: "I thought it true then, I

think it untrue how."

The recantation caused a sensation among the audience.

Continuing, under close cross-examination, witness admitted that the Duke of Marliorough always called upon Lady Colin Campbell during the usual visiting hours. He came twice, thrice and sometimes five times weekly. Witness posted letters to the Duke of Marliorough every day, and sometimes twice a day. On the occasions when she took the letters to the Duke's residence she put them into the letters to the Duke's residence she put them into the letter-box, rang the bell and ran away home. She had been instructed to do this. Witness then admitted that the statements she had made on her direct examination, that she had found in undressing her that the plaintiff's dress was open at the back, her skirts disarranged and her pettleoat out of order on occasions when she left home early in the evening and returned in the early morning, were not true. Witness had not found Lady Colin Campbell's dress unlaced. She had found a pettleoat unhooked once. Being further pressed, witness admitted that it was not a petticoat, but that the skirt was simply unbooked so that she could see the petticoatobeneath the skirt—that was all. Under further pressure She admitted that in 1884 and six weeks ago she signed statements alleging that she went to Leigh Court during the Christmas holidays with Lady Colin Campbell and describing the position of the rooms occupied by her mistress and by the Duke of Mariborough as adjoining, and further alleging that it all occurred at Easter.

This testimony caused another sensation. Counsel for plaintiff added more pressure and Miss Baer finally admitted that the Duke of Mariborough was not at Leich Court at Christmas. She also admitted that the statements she had made in her direct examination about hearing some one ascend the stairs after midnight one night and enter the room adjoining Lady Colin Campbell's and finding a man's handkerchief in the plaintiff's room next morning, and other indications that two persons had occ

GIRLS ROUT A BAILIFF WITH MUD. O'CONNOR'S EYE-GLASSES SMASHED-SULLIVAN

LONDON, Dec. 1 .- Two hundred girls to-day attacked and pelted with mud a bailiff and his assistants who were serving writs of ejectment upon tenants on Lord Dillon's estates in Ballyhauries. The men beat a hasty retreat.

leaving horse, car and papers.

Commoner O'Connor presided to-day at a m Cork. A force of police arrived on the scene, when the crowd fled. It is alleged that Mr. O'Connor and a district inspector came to blows and that the member's eye-glass was smashed; also, that Messrs. Tanner and O'Hea, members of Parliament, who were present, Were roughly handled by the police.

A. J. Mundella, formerly president of the Board of Trade, speaking at Sheffield to-night, culogized the pat-Trade, speaking at Snement to light, choogiest the particular and honesty of John Dillon. He himself had heard Lord Clanricarde denounced in Government circles in stronger terms than were now used against Mr. Dillon. DUBLIN, Dec. 1.—Timothy D. Sullivan has been reclected Lord Mayor of Dublin. Mr. O'Keefe, a solicitor, has been elected Mayor of Limerick. Both Mr. Sullivan and Mr. O'Keefe have pledged themselves to refuse any honors which may be offered by the Queen during the

nonors which may be offered by the Queen during the jublice year.

John Dillon heads the list of candidates for the office of High Sheriff of Dublin.

Alderman Richard Power has been re-elected Mayor of Waterford.

The Earl of Erne has been elected Grand Master of the Orange Lodge.

FRAGMENTS OF CABLE NEWS. HAVANA, Dec. 1.—A telegram from Santa Clara states that the bandit leader Guezman, alias Vuelta Bajero, has been killed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 1.—Count de Montebello, French Ambassador to Turkey, is urging the Sultan to press Sir William White, the British Ambassador, to hasten the settlement of the Egyptian question.

NEW-YORK THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1886.

MILITARY PREPARATIONS IN TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 1.-A proclamation has been issued ordering the formation of large military depots in different parts of the empire for the storage of material and as centres for the assembling of reserve troops.

General Von Goltz has completed mobilization plans
based upon the German system.

CAUSE OF BARON SECKENDORF'S SUICIDE. VIENNA, Dec. 1.-The suicide of Baron Seckendorf, a ssor in the College of Agriculture, which was an ounced yesterday, was due to the failure of his intellect. A post-mortem examination disclosed the fact that his brain was softening. A paper found on the Baron's deak showed that he had been trying without success to solve a mathematical problem to be used in a lecture which he was to deliver.

NICHOLAS AS GOVERNOR OF RUMELIA LONDON, Dec. 2.—It is stated that the Czar is about to send Prince Nicholas of Mingrella to the Sultan to obtain consent to the nomination of the Prince as Governor tumelia, with the object of eventually compelling Bul-ia to accept him as ruler.

REPORTED RESIGNATION OF M. DE GIERS Paris, Dec. 1.—A well credited report is current here the effect that the Czar has accepted the resign of M. de Giers as Foreign Minister and has appointed as his successor Count Lobanoff.

KNITTING MILLS REOPENED.

APPLICANTS FOR WORK IN AMSTERDAM. MANUFACTURERS DECLARE THAT THE POWER OF

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 1 (Special).—The struggle between capital and labor grows more bitter each day. The Knights of Labor claim their condition is all that could be desired, while the associated manufacturers declare that the backbone of the organization in this The manufacturers assert that before the week of d.vidual members, and that in a few days more the

Nelson & Miller opened to-day for regular service the rooms except the knitting-room. They say that they have thirty hands, and that they turned away fifty applicants this morning. Four of their spinners are new hands, who came from out of town. Me-Donell & Co. continued work to day, and claim to have thirty-five hands at work. Two "jacks" were started this morning. The wash, carding, seaming and knitting rooms are all either partly or entirely at work. McFarlan & Co. began operations to-day with about fifteen hands. Three "jacks" are said to be at work. All of the employes in this mill are old The Globe Knitting Mill also resumed to-day. About fifty hands are at work, some old and some The firm say they turned away one hundred applicants this morning. McCowatt & Co. are running to day with all the help they can employ at present. Each person employed assents to the fol-

agree that we will acknowledge and respect the right of the company to hire and discharge employes as they deem best, and will not interfere with their other employes; that in case of any grievance in other employes; that in case of any grievance in any department, or branch of a department, in the Globe Knitting Mill we will confer with the officers of the company alone for redress, and not refer it to

large numbers of applicants for work a research away. Among the number accepted are scores of Knights, several being prominent office-holders. The locked-out employes of the Globe Mill resolved to remain out until ordered back by their organization. The trial of the arrested pickets which was to have occurred to day was again postponed by Recorder Stewart until Monday. The reason as set forth was that an important witness for the prosecution was ab-sent from the city. Judge Citte, of Albany, counsel for the defence, moved for a discharge of the young

REVOLT IN THE RANKS OF THE KNIGHTS. NEW-JERSEY GLASSBLOWERS REFUSE TO STRIKE AND GIVE UP THEIR CHARTERS.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1-An important feature has entered into the controversy between the green glass manufacturers and blowers over the abolition shaw entered the house. Witness often mailed letters to of the apprentice system. On Monday night meetings the-e blowers are working with apprentices, and under were sent to the general secretary. Charles H. Litchman, at the general headquarters in this city vesterday. It is stated that these assemblies propose forming a new association, and in future they say they will not allow any one to work in a New-Jersey fac ory who has voluted agreements made at the four romines at tement last menth with the employers On the other land, the officers of District Assembly 149 for are that these howers, numbering between 500 and 600, will be ostracised and blacklisted by all members of the league in good standing, and will not be allowed to work outside the limits of their towns.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1 .- A joint meeting of the Knights of Labor District Assemblies Nos. 24 and 57, which have a membership of about 60,000, and include all the Kuights of this city and county, was held last night to take action rehists. District Assembly No. 24 recently passed resobutions on the subject and asked No. 57 to indorse them. The latter body decided that the subject was of such importance that a joint session of both assemblies should be held at which all the Knights of Labor of Cook County should be represented. About 400 Knights were present. and the following declaration of their attitude on the verdiet was agreed to, with on y a few dissenting voices:

demning seven men to death and sentencing one to fifteen

years' imprisonment was an entrage on common justice and an assault on free speech and the right of the people peacefully to assemble for the discussion of their grievances. We believe that there is an ever-increasing sentiment among the common people of this country that our courts of justice are too frequently manipulated in the interest of wealth and power, and that those who are peor are frequently outraged in our courts in the name of the law.

"Believing that the late trial was conducted by the prosecution with malice and prejudice—utilizing, as it did, informers, disreputable Pinkertons and perjuded Gilmers, and a bailiff who declared that he would not summon any one as a juror who in his opinion was not in favor of hanging; we, therefore, express the hope that the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois may grant a new tidal, so that the ever-growing conviction among the common people—namely, that the courts of haw are only in the interest of the rich, may not find additional proof in this instance."

Persequence Dec. 1 (Newsign)—John Jarrett, the old.

terest of the rich, may not and administ provistance."

PITTSBURG, Dec. 1 (Special).—John Jarrett, the old, trusted and conservative labor advocate, does not indorse the action of the Chicago Knights of Labor in denouncing the courts of law as being only in the interest of the rich and proclaiming that the conviction of the Amarchists was an outrage on free speech and common justice. "It is all right for the Chicago Knights to ask the Supreme Court for a new trial," said Mr. Jarrett, "but it is wrong for them to denounce the courts of justice. In doing so they assume the cause of the Amarchists. I have no sympathy with the latter class of people or any of their modes. Little attention should be paid to the Chicago Knights."

GLASS-BLOWERS' STRIKE SPREADING. The strike among the glass-blowers of Brooklyn is spreading. The employes of Michael Haggerty, who struck on Monday, are still out, and yesterday the struck on Monday, are still out, and yesterday the works of William Brookfield, in Grand-st., were shut down. Two hundred glass-blowers and helpers went on strike. The men demanded the former calle of wages and that no apprentices should be employed at the furnaces. Mr. Brookfield says that the men agreed for this season to a reduction of 5 per cent and to the employment of two men at each furnace. He thinks that the men went out under pressure from glass-blowers in other parts of the country.

STRIKE OF COAL MINERS IN OHIO. COALTON, Ohio, Dec. 1.—All the miners in this, the seventh district, 2,500 to 3,000, came out this morning. on a refusal by the operators to grant an increase of five cents per ton for mining.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Dec. 1 (Special).—Army officers are made the statement to-day that it was the intention of the War Department to abandon Fort Davis, Fort Concho, and a haif dozen other small military posts in Texas and New-Mexico. It is declared to be the policy of General Sheridan to abandon gradually all small posts between the Rio Grande and British America, concentrating troops at St. Paul, Leavenworth, San Antaulo, El Paso, Santa Fe and San Francisco.

sections to the Budget Committee and to deal with the remainder at a plenary sitting of the House.

A RECOMMENDATION TO DISBAND THE 8TH PLANS FOR A NEW ARMORY JUST ADOPTED-WHAT

COLONEL SCOTT SAYS.

At the meeting of the Armory Board in the Mayor's office on Tuesday atternoon it was decided to accept the plans submitted by John B. Thomas for an armory for the 8th Regiment and the 2d Battery of the

The cost of the new building is not to exceed \$330,000, and the Board passed a resolution requesting the Sinking Fund Commissioners to authorize the ssue of bonds to cover that amount, together with \$300,000 which is to cover the cost of a new armory tor the 22d Regiment. The ground for the 8th Regiment Armory has already been purchased by the city ment Armory has already been purchased by the city at a cost of \$351,547 80, which with the additional sum required to build the armory necessitates an expenditure for that regiment of a few thousand dollars short of \$700,000. It was learned yesterday from a person who is in a position to know that there is already in the hands of Governor Hill, Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard of New-York State, the annual report of the Assistant Inspector-General, in which is the recommendation that the 8-h Regiment be disbanded. disbanded.

"The report is based on the condition of the regi-

ment at the last annual inspection," continued the reporter's informant, "It at any time in the history of a regiment its Colonel wishes to make a good showing for his command, it is at the annual inspection. At that time every sior is made to bring out the full complement of officers and men, and the number present together with the regiment's proficiency in the various managuroes of military tactics, the heatth of its members and the condition of its equipments are the points considered in the Inspector's report to the Governor of the State. The inspections last fail were made by Colonel McGrath, who is the Assistant Inspector-tieneral under Inspector-General Shaeder. The inspections were not made in the daytime, when the young men, of which the regiments are mostly made up, are naturally supposed to be employed, but at night, when they are at leisure and have time to give to military duty. This is done to allow the regiments all possible opportunities to raise their standard as high as they can in the Inspector's report. There are now between 400 and 500 names on the various company rolls of the 5th Regiment, and it is said that for the last few years the regiment has been gradually failing until searcely one-half of the enlisted men are ever together at any one time. At the inspection last fall the 5th Regiment thrend out less than 220 men. This with other matters showing that there is little interest taken by the privates in the regiment to keep it up in point of numbers and efficiency makes the basis of Colonel McGrath's report.

"Now, it does not seem right for the city to expend such a large sum of money on a regiment to seep it up in our seed and the sum of the regiment is not be of little or no service to the country or city in case armed troops are needed. It has been known to the members of the 8th Regiment for the last lew years that efforts were being made to procure them a new armory. Still there has been no improvement in it, no building up, but it has gradually dwindled in point of numbers unti

Commissioners to authorize the issue of bonus to take money to build the armory. Now, he is in a position to know whether the Inspector-General's assistant. Colonel McGrath, made a report unfavorable to my command. Do you think he would countenance such a proceeding it he knew the regiment was to be disbanded? If suchs report has been made it may have been done to stimulate the Armory Board in its efforts to procure a new armory for us. It was done in the case of our of the other regiments with that purpose in view and the result was a new armory, and the regiment to-day is among the best in the State."

Colonel Scott was excedingly angry that the report had been circulated, and said that it was an extremely unly thing to do just at this time, when success seemed to be assured. He finally said that he thought he knew what the origin of the story was. In conclusion he said: "I have not as yet received my rolls from the Governor, who looks them over after the Inspector General or his assistant—comments upon them; so I cannot tell just how my command stands in comparison with the other regiments. At various times rumors of one kind or another are started, perhaps by personal enemies, I can't say as to that; but they all have a disastrous effect upon the regiment."

Another chitrary officer said: "I think the matter was the outcome of the election for Brigadier-General, which took place—last ummer and in which Colonel Scott took a prominent part. He was told at that time by a brother officer that he would be injured in some way or another, and that the Sth Regiment would never have a new armory if it could be prevented. It is no fault of Colonel Scott's that the regiment has run down, but their armory is not an attractive one and young men won't take the interest in it they should."

A FREIZING WIND IN THE NORTHWEST. Sr. Paul, Dec. 1.-Last evening orders to raise the cold wave signal were received. This morning a genuine Manitoba wave came over Minnesota, and at 6 o'clock the temperature was 10° below zero here. This morning at Saint Vincent it was 22° below; at Moorhead 18° below, and at Garry and Bismarck 17° below. 4 At Brainerd last

and at Garry and Rismarck 17° below. At Brancet last night it was 28° below, freezing all the swamps and causing a departure of lumbermen for the woods.

DETROIT, Dec. I.—A dispatch to the Evening Journal from Cheboycan, Mich., says: "A genuine winter blizzard and a northwest gale are prevailing and the air is full of snow."

BUBLINGTON, Iowa, Dec. 1.—The mild weather of yesterday took a sudden change at midnight, growing rapidly coller tilt this morning, when the thermometer marked 5° below zero and the river was closed.

FUSION TICKET ELECTED IN ATLANTA. ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 1.—John Tyler Cooper, the fusion and didate for Mayor, was elected to-day, as were all the asion councilinen. The fusion ticket was the result of compromise between the Prohibitionists and the Anti-robibitionists.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

TRYING TO GET EVEN WITH THE BOOKMAKERS. St. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—The ordinance imposing a license of \$2,000 per armum on bookmakers and pooleciters was recommended to the Municipal House of Delegates for passage lasting it by the Ways and Means Committee. Mr. Brueggemann sand that he was a victim of the bookmakers' greed at the apring meeting and knew that other members were in the action was taken.

KILLING DISEASED CATTLE.

CHICAGO, Dec. I.—The slaughter of the condemned cattle in
the Phenix Distillery began in a slaughter house adjoining
the shois to-day. Assistant State Veterinarian Dr. A. II.
Baker was in charge. The State allows \$4 a head for each
animal staughtered.

animal slaughtered.

INCREASE OF BUSINESS IN ST. LOUIS,
St. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—The receipts of the customs for the
twelve months from Docomier 1. 1885, to soyember 30,
1886, wre \$1,637,766; for the previous twelve months they
were \$352,107, an increase during the year of \$785,599, or
more than per cent.

ASSESSMENT ON MINING SHARE HOLDERS.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.—The Champion Mining Company
has levided an assessment of 10 cents a share.
FOUND GUILITY OF FORGING BIRAZILIAN NOTES,
ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—The Brazilian note cases took an unexpected unit to-tay in the United States District Court. Joseph N. White withdrew has pies of not guilty and three whimself upon the mercy of the court. The jury returned a verdict
or guilty. He was then remanded to jail, sentence being deferied.

feries.

TAKING CHARGE OF THE BOSTON POST OFFICE. BOSTON, Dec. 1.—General John M. Corae to day took charge of the Boston post office, succeeding Postmaster Forbey.

WHEAT IN DANGER FROM THE CHINCH BUG. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 1.—Protessor Forbes, State Entomologist, has completed a therough examination of the Southern Illinois wheat-producing counties where losses have been caused by the rawages of the chinch bugs, and he finds that the linested area has largely increased during the year. He considers the outlook in consequence very gloomy for the 1887 wheat crop.

THE WILSON-MOEN SECRET.

A DISCLOSURE MADE BY "DOC" WILSON. DECLARING THAT HE IS THE SON OF THE BANKER

-CIRCUMSTANCES OF BIS BIRTH. VIDENCE, Dec. 1 (Special).—The Evening Telegram to day published the following story: In the presence of four reputable citizens of Providence this morning "Doc" Wilson, broken down in health and sobbing like a old the great secret which has been hidden between him and P. L. Moon of Worcester, for so many years.

"'I am looked on as a blackmailer,' said he, and those who believe that I have been bleeding that old man hold me in as much contempt as a yellow dog, but I will stand no longer. I am more sinned against than sinning and now the truth shall be known. My name is not Wilson, nor am I son of Jonas Wilson. My father is the man is accusing me of blackmall and my name is Levi Moen, the lawful son of P. L. Moen, of Worcester."

Wilson then went on to state that he is the son of Moen's the scandal, and a bargain was made with Jonas Wilson, of Connecticut, a stage driver, by which the cabe was transferred to the latter's care and was brought up as his sen. The boy lived in the humble sphere to which, he says, Moen consigned him until he was a young man grown, when he learned the secret of his birth. For supposed father, Jonas Wilson, who, being on his death-

After Wilson died, the young fellow set off for Worces

ter to meet his father face to face. Their first meeting, Wilson says, was exactly as described. After ter to meet his father face to face. Their first meeting, Wilson says, was exactly as described. After observing the signs of wealth and luxury that abounded, he demanded of Moen some reparation for the wrong done to the one who should be the heir to all. Moen at first refused to acknowledge the lad and would have driven him away but the boy faced him defiantly; the banker became alarmed and gave him \$100. By appointment he met Moen the next day, and consented to shield him from shame. Moen had in the meantime married again, after the death of "Doc's" mother.

Then, according to Wilson's story, the Wilson, who knew the secret of his parentage, seeing that he had money, and knowing it came from Moen, began to urge claims upon him. Their demands increased, and to satisfy them he had to apply to Moen for money, and in that way much of the sum received from the banker was spent. He says that these demands upon him grew so exorbitant that he was almost impoverished by them. The Engley suits were settled, he said, at Moen's suggestion and with Moen's money, because the latter feared that his relationship to Wilson would come out some way in the trial. Wilson has letters which he says, were written by Moen acknowledging the relationship and calling him "dear son." These letters he produced to-day. He says that he is the injured man, as instead of being reared as a gentleman and brought up amid all the luxuries which his father's wealth could purchase, he was cast adrift and reared as a peasant boy without education and without any of the refinements of life which would have been his had his cruel parent done right. Mr. Wilson says he can no longer endure the calumnies with which he is assailed, and that his confession of the secret is true in every respect.

MR. MOEN'S REPLY TO WILSON. Worcester, Mass., Dec. 1.—Mr. Moen to-night de-nounced Wilson's statement as a lie. He added; "My ounsel has advised me not to talk with any newspaper men on the subject, so you will excuse me if I decline to be interviewed further. But you can see that he is near-ing the end of his rope. Just see how desperate the man is, getting up such a story as that."

WASHINGTON TERRITORY SAFE.

THE LEGISLATURE REPUBLICAN BY A MAJORITY OF TWO ON JOINT BALLOT.
PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 1.—Official returns from the two disputed counties in Washington Territory make the Legislature Republican by a majority of two on joint ballot. The official vote on Delecate is as follows: Charles 8, Voorheès (Dem.), 23, 272; Charles M. Bradshaw (Rep.), 21,080; W. A. Newell (Labor), 2,875. Voorhees's plurality, 2,192.

A BOYCOTTED POLICE COMMISSIONER.

ROBERT MORGAN HAD TO RESIGN BECAUSE GAM-BLERS WOULD NOT USE HIS CAUDS. COLUMBUS, Dec. 1 (Special).-Governor Foraker has appointed Major James L. Foley Police Commissioner for Cincinnati, vice Robert Morgan, resigned, Morgan retired from the board because as a manufacturer of playing cards his business suffered from a gamblers boycott, extending all over the country. This boycott was instituted by the gamblers who refused to use Russell, Morgan & Co. scards because, as Police Commissioner, Morgan insisted, with his fellow-Commissioners, in closing up all gambling concerns in Cincinnatt. The boycott was ruining his business, hence the resignation.

SPI ECHLESSNESS CURED BY FAITH. WILKESBARRE, Dec. 1 (Spectal).—A remarkable case of alleged faith cure occurred on Sunday at Ashley, a small town near this city. Eight years ago Kate Martin, now eighteen years of age, was prostrated by a severe attack speechless. A short time ago her parents heard of many cures effected by visiting the Chapel of Knock, in Ireland. They were too poor, however, to send their daught if there, but they resolved to try the efficacy of water in which had been souked some of the plaster taken from the walls of the church. With great difficulty they obtained some of this plaster, and on Sunday the remedy was tried. The girl drank freely of the water and spent the whole evening in prayer. She retired late at nicht, and in the morning found that her voice had been restored in all its fulness and power. Her parents were first made acquainted with this miraculous restoration of her speech by hearing her prayer of thanksgiving.

EANDALL READY FOR THE FREE-TRADERS. PITTSBURG, Dec. 1 (Special).—Dallas Sanders, of Philadel-phia, an intimate friend of Samuel J. Randall, arrived in candidate for Speaker of the House. Carlisle will have no opposition for re-election. Mr. Randall will remain on pposition for re-election. Ar. Rangali wit remain on the floor, and if there should be an attempt at tariff-tinkering, he will be on hand. As far as the approaching ession is concerned, it is impossible that there will be any ariff legislation. It might be introduced in the next ourgress. When asked what the Democratic party hought of the decession in the stone case, Mr. Sanders aid: "It was a good decision. It will help the President rith Democrats."

A SUPPOSED METEOR IN DAKOTA. CHICAGO, Dec. 1 (Special).—A dispatch from Bismarck, Dak., says tifat at Coal Harbor, lifty miles north of there, Dak., says that at Coal Harbor, lifty miles north of there, in the coidest hour, day before yesterday, the heaven seemed arlow with brilliant fire, and at 4 o'clock in the afternoon an immense shower of fire fell through the frosty air, its passage being accompanied by a loud hissing noise. As the flame descended a breath of warm air passed over the country. When the flame reached the earth it was attended by an explosion, which sounded like the firing of a cannon. An examination of the spot where the fire seemed to fall was made, but the only evidences of an explosion were the shattered ice and a slight depression in the earth. The phenomenon is believed to have been caused by a meteoric fragment. Its direction was from northeast to southwest.

THE BLOCK ISLAND LIFE-SAVING SERVICE. PROVIDENCE, R. L. Dec. 1.-Friends of Captain Samuel PROVIDENCE, R. L., Dec. 1.—Friends of Captain Samuel Allen, late of the United States Life-Saving Service, are indignant over his removal from command of the important station on Block Island. Captain Ailen is said to have been a brave and efficient officer, and to have received many compliments from Government officials who have known of his service. It is claimed by his friends that the investigation into charges against him was not fairly managed, being largely conducted on Sunday, when his witnesses could not attend. Much confidence in his integrity is expressed; and the opinion is cherished by some of the islanders that Captain Allen is the victim of partisan intrigue. Having refused to resign, he was removed last week.

THE MURDERED WIFE OF ANARCHIST JANSEN. CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—Mrs. Jansen, the woman who was stabbed by her husband at No. 231 Oak-st., on Friday, died of her wounds to-day. Jansen, the murderer, at-tempted to hang himself in jail last night, but was cut down before the attempt was successful.

HIS POCKET PICKED OF \$4,000. CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—A dispatch to The Times from Dallas, Texas, says: "At the Union Depot last 1 ight Dr. J. A. Bradshaw, of Longview, was robbed of a wallet containing \$3,000 in New-York exchange and \$1,000 in cash. The thieves escaped.

SECRET MEETING OF SOFT COAL-MEN.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—Representatives of the soft-oal producing companies interested in the Eastern pool eld a screet meeting in this city to-day. A come as appointed to apportion percentages of output the companies.

CRIMES AND CASUAL ES-BY TELEGRAPH

STRUCK DEAD BY LIGHTNING.

PORTLAND, Dec. 1.—Mrs. Susan Willard, a middle-aged I was killed by lightning in a thunder shower last night.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

EATONTOWN, N. J., Dec. 1.—Marshal Herman Leibent who figured prominently in the "Mingo Jack" affair, night captured George W. Leayton in Freehold and locking up in the county jail for for lang checks on Red Bank, Asb Park and Keyport people.

SUICIDE OF A DENTIST.

MILWADKER, Dec. 1.—Dr. James S. Perkins, a dentist of city, committed suicide by shooting while lying in bed morning.

CRUSHED BENEATH FALLEN WALLS, CINCINATI, Dec. 1.—While workmen were removing the uins of the recently burned building of the Ware Vinegar Company, the east and west walls fell, fatality injuring John Lamph.er.

HANGING AN OLD MAN TO FRIGHTEN HIM.

LITLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 1.—In Huntsville, Bradley County, Ark., three masked men went to the house of Stephen Pierce, on old and feedle man and hanged him until he was userly dead, hoping to discover the hiding place of a little money he was believed to possess. Mrs. Pierce exampled from the house and groused some neighbors, who arrived in time to save the old man's life and cause the robbers to retreat, with only 80 cents of his money.

PRICE THREE CENTS. ANTI-SALOON REPUBLICANS

OFFICERS SELECTED AT CORTLAND. AN HARMONIOUS CONVENTION—THE STATE LEAGUE

READY FOR THE STRUGGLE,

CORTLAND, Dec. 1 (Special).—The business meeting today of the State Temperance Republican Convention was called to order by the Chairman, Colonel E. P. Hill, and Dr. Warren, of Syracuse, offered prayer. The Rev. George Ball, of Buffalo, chairman of the Committee on Constitu tion, offered additional articles to the proposed constitu tion. An extended discussion followed regarding the that the convention had called the league the State Te better to adopt a name that would unite all tem perance men, for example, "The New-York State Anti-Liquor Association." Professor Cook, of St. Lawrence County, said that he was not in favor of giving up the name Republican and did not want to be driven out of the Republican party by the liquor traffic He would rather retain the name Repub-Kansas, chairman of the Republican Anti-Saloon National our breweries. The first step to take is not to scatter our forces, but to unite and strike at the saloons. I find where

way warned the convention that on the steps taken to day depended the success of the movement. The conven-

tion adopted the name recommended by the committee.

Articles of the constitution laid on the table from the last

committee was W. H. Proctor, Ogdensburg; Cyrus C. Burdick, Alfred Centre; Frank Moss, New-York, and

Treasurer—Mercein Thomas, Brooklyn.

State Committee—Capt in Benjamin H. Warford, of Richarond county; James R. Howe, of Kings; Joan W. Harmon, of Kings; Frank Moss, of Kings; Hoe Rev. Dr. Samuel H. Virgin, of New-York; The Rev. Dr. Samuel H. Virgin, of New-York; The More Rev. George H. Goodell, of New-York; Theodore Roose-velt; AVth Concressional District, D. E. Pope; XIVth District, John J. Pistt; XXII: District, W. H. Practor; XXVIII District, E. M. Fitzgeraid, Binchamton; XXVIII District, E. M. Fitzgeraid, Binchamton; XXVIII District, India C. Burdick, Alfred Centre.

The Rev. Dr. O. H. Warren in closing a vigorous address said: "If party method is the method to be

address said: "If party method Is the method to be adopted for the suppression of the liquor traffic, as Prohibitionists claim, then I say it is more feasible and easy to man I shall not turn away from the ; arry, but will come to this party and say 'give us your hand, you must help us go in and fight the saloon.'"

has planted uself on the opposition squarely against the suppression of the saloon and liquor traffe, declaring against all sumptuary laws, and the Republican party tteelf squarely on tala subject and being a party of advance i thought in this country, if anything can be done to secure temperance legislation, I is by means of the league and do not intend to make a new party, but we intend to use a great party already formed to secure success. We have learned that there is no possibility of on a line with the great party that is in sympathy with

The following resolut on was unanimously adopted: That we retition our Legislature to enact a law permit-ting people annuall to vote by separate bailot on the

General Conway off-red a resolution to the effect that the convention declare itself in sympathy and in hearty accort with the National Anti-Saloon organization. It was adopted. In the evening weneral Conway stated that ex-Senator William Win-tow, of Minuesota, could not be present ou account of libers in his family and that ex-Postunater-General James was not present on account of business engagements. Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of Iowa, said in part: "My study of political ctutes and the logic of passing events contirms my opinions, strengthens my convictions, that the thirs party method strengthens my convictions, that the third party method is wrong in the principles on which it is based and is discisrous to probibition and the general interest of the temperance cause. The tarriparty method is an aniwation of the principle of self-government and majority rate. It divides the temperance forces and gives a wrong estimate of their volume. It weakens the temperance forces, by diverting attention from the common enough. There have no seen changing in as to conquer the enemy, when this divided. Good government is administered by good in a which keep pace with the growth and development in control discrete fluency questions apong the people. Their growth is the result of educational, pullanthropic and reformatory associations."

LINCOLN LEAGUE IN INDIANA.

REPUBLICANS ORGANIZING FOR FUTURE CAM-PAIGNS,

Indianapolis, Dec. 1 (special).—A meeting of leading Republicans of Indiana was held here this afternoon to organize a State league, with auxiliary clubs in each county, to prepare for the campaign of 1888 and to premote the interests of the Republican party in Indiana. The organization is to be known as the Lincoln League and it is expected that it will have much to do with shaping political movements. Senator Harrison addressed the meeting warmly approving the organization and its purpose and vigorously denouncing the attempt of Demo-crats in Indiana and the South to overthrow the will of the majority as expressed in the re-cut election. Ex-Governor Porter, in a speech of some length urges that the or-ganization should be careful to prevent any feeling of pref-erence for a candidate for President that would affect the erence for a candidate for President that would alect the hearty and united support of the nominee, and incidentally alinded to the probability of the nomination of senator Harrison, Judge Gresham, or James G. Blaine, speaking of Harrison and Gresham as leaders whom the Indiana Republicans would be proud and happy to support, and of Blaine as one whom thousands in Indiana love almost to adoration. J. N. Huston, chairman of the Republican State Committee, was elected president of the

CHARGES AGAINST F. S. KOCK WELL. FREEHOLD, N. J., Dec. 1.—Frederick S. Rockwell, who cloped from Red Bank with Mrs. Sidney B. West and her child, and was arrested last week in Kansas City, was taken before Justice of the Peace Lawrence to-day. There were three charges against him. One of emberging money from his employers, one of having abduct West's fittle daughter, and the third of having committed and the street of the st

INCREASED TAX ON RAILEOAD . IN JERSET. TRENTON, N. J., Dec. I.—The State Board of Assessors filed their annual report with the Controller to-day. It shows an increase in the valuation of railroad property of \$3.283.691.33 over last year. The increase in the State tax will be \$16.418.80 and in the local tax \$4.582.48. The total value of railroad property is \$192,980.343.28. The State tax will be \$964,901.75 and the local tax \$3.72.364.18. In all ninety-seven companies are assessed.

THE WEST CA ROLL OUTRAGE. BATON ROUGE, La., i ed. 1.—Governor McEnery has offered \$1,000 reward to. he arrest and conviction of the perpetrators of the West Carroll outrage, whereby Major John McKee and a negro woman were killed and the house of Representative Witkowski was burned. The New-Orleans papers publish long accounts of the crime and attempt to show that the so-called outlaws are in reality poor and respectable people who have been maltreated by the Witkowskis for twenty years.

NEW-HAVEN, Dec. 1 (Special).—The Prudentian ittee of the American Board telegraphed to the lobert Hume to night that they had decided not to im to his mission field until the end of one year, a liero is considerable feeling in New-Haven over